#### **Public Document Pack**

Democratic Services Section
Legal and Civic Services Department
Belfast City Council
City Hall
Belfast
BT1 5GS



14th May, 2021

#### MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF THE LICENSING COMMITTEE

Dear Alderman/Councillor,

The Members of the above-named Committee will meet via Microsoft Teams on Wednesday, 19th May, 2021 at 5.00 pm, for the transaction of the business noted below.

You are requested to attend.

Yours faithfully,

SUZANNE WYLIE

Chief Executive

#### **AGENDA**:

#### 1. Routine Matters

- (a) Apologies
- (b) Minutes
- (c) Declarations of Interest

#### 2. **Delegated Matters**

- (a) Licences Issued Under Delegated Authority (Pages 1 4)
- (b) Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Licenses Issued Under Delegated Authority (Pages 5 8)

#### 3. Non-Delegated Matters

(a) Update by the Department of Communities (DfC) on the Review of the Houses in Multiple Occupation Licensing Scheme (Pages 9 - 48)

# Agenda Item 2a

#### LICENSING COMMITTEE



Sub	ject:	Licences Issued Under Delegated Authority			
Date	): 	19 May 2021			
Rep	orting Officer:	Stephen Hewitt, Building Control Manager, Ext. 243	35		
Con	tact Officer:	James Cunningham, Regulatory Services Manager,	, Ext. 3375		
Rest	ricted Reports				
Is th	is report restricted	i? \	res	No	X
	If Yes, when will	the report become unrestricted?			
	After Comr	nittee Decision			
	After Coun	cil Decision			
	Some time	in the future			
	Never				
Call-	·in				
Is th	e decision eligible	for Call-in?	res	No	X
1.0	Purpose of Repo	rt or Summary of main Issues			
1.1	for exercising all	e of Delegation, the Director of Planning and Building powers in relation to the issue, but not refusal, of his relating to the issue of Licences where adverse rep	Permits an	d Lic	ences,
2.0	Recommendation	ns			
2.1	decision of 4th M	he Committee are asked to recommend that, in acco ay 2021, the Chief Executive exercise her delegate ave been issued under the Scheme of Delegation.			

#### 3.0 Main report

#### Key Issues

3.1 Under the terms of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Northern Ireland) Order 1985 the following Entertainments Licences were issued since your last meeting.

Premises and Location	Type of Application	Applicant
Kremlin Bar, 96 Donegall Street, Belfast, BT1 2GW.	Renewal	Ms Anthea Wilson, Anthology N.I. Ltd
Oh Yeah Music Centre, 15-21 Gordon Street, Belfast, BT1.	Renewal	Mr Ryan O'Neill, Oh Yeah Music Centre Ltd
Pug Uglys, 21 Bedford Street, Belfast, BT2 7EJ.	Renewal	Mr Paul Langsford, Bedford Taverns Ltd
Shoe Factory, 12-14 Union Street, Belfast, BT1 2JF.	Renewal	Ms Anthea Wilson, Anthology N.I. Ltd

3.2 Under the terms of the Betting, Gaming, Lotteries and Amusements (Northern Ireland) Order 1985 the following Amusement Permits were issued since your last meeting.

Premises and Location	Type of Application	Applicant
Odyssey Bowl, Unit 2 Odyssey Pavilion, 2 Queens Quay, Belfast, BT3 9QQ.	Renewal	Mr Brian McCormack, Matagorda3 Ltd

3.3 Under the terms of the Street Trading Act (Northern Ireland) 2001 the following Street Trading Licences were issued since your last meeting.

Location	on Type of Application Commodity Hours Licensed		Applicant	
Dargan Crescent at Musgrave cash and carry	Stationary	Hot and cold food and non-alcoholic beverages	Mon - Sun 10.00 – 20.00	Mr Dayle Boyle
Dargan Crescent 45ft from junction with Dargan Road	Stationary	Hot and cold food and non-alcoholic beverages	Mon - Fri 07.00 – 15.00	Mr Fredrick Johnston

- 3.4 Under the terms of the Road Traffic Regulation (Northern Ireland) Order 1997 there were no Road Closure Orders made since your last meeting.
- 3.5 Under the terms of the Licensing of Pavement Cafés Act (Northern Ireland) 2014 the following Pavement Café Licences were issued since your last meeting.

Premises	Location	Type of Application	Applicant
Caffé Nero, 48-50 Ann Street, Belfast, BT1 4GE	Adjacent	Grant	Charlotte Griffin Nero Holdings Ltd.

Caffé Nero, 91-93 Royal Avenue, Belfast, BT1 1FE	Adjacent	Grant	Charlotte Griffin Nero Holdings Ltd.
Caffé Nero, The Carriages, 42A Botanic Avenue, Belfast, BT1 4GE	Adjacent	Grant	Charlotte Griffin Nero Holdings Ltd.
Jack Coffee Bar, 402 Newtownards Road, East Side Visitor Centre, Belfast, BT4 1HH	Adjacent	Grant	Victoria Armstrong The Writers Café Ltd.
Malmaison Hotel, 34-38 Victoria Street, Belfast, BT1 3GH	Adjacent	Grant	Eamonn Elliot
Margot, 18 Donegall Square East, Belfast, BT1 5HE	Adjacent	Grant	Paul Langsford Clover Pubs NI No1 Ltd.
Monico Bars, 17 Lombard Street, Belfast, BT1 1RB	Adjacent	Grant	Nicole McGrath Fisherwick Inns Ltd.
Nancy Mulligans, 95-97 Castle Street, Belfast, BT1 1GJ	Remote	Grant	Deborah Power Walfrid Inns Ltd.
Pug Uglys, 21 Bedford Street, Belfast, BT2 7EJ	Adjacent	Grant	Paul Langsford Bedford Taverns Ltd.
Robinsons Bars (Blackstaff), 38-42 Great Victoria Street, Belfast, BT2 7BA	Remote	Grant	Robert Davis Regency Hotel (NI) Ltd.
Robinsons Bars (Great Victoria Street frontage), 38-42 Great Victoria Street, Belfast, BT2 7BA	Adjacent	Grant	Robert Davis Regency Hotel (NI) Ltd.
Town Square, 11-13 Lower Crescent, Belfast, BT7 1NR	Adjacent	Grant	Peter Ringland Victoria 1 Ltd.

# Financial & Resource Implications

3.6 None

## **Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment**

3.7 There are no issues associated with this report.



# Agenda Item 2b

#### LICENSING COMMITTEE



Sub	ject:	Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) L Delegated Authority	Licenses	s Issued	Under	
Date	<b>)</b> :	19 May 2021				
Rep	orting Officer:	Kevin Bloomfield, NIHMO Manager, 07584 2708	320			
Contact Officer: Vivienne Donnelly, City Protection Manager Kevin Bloomfield, NIHMO Manager, 07584 270820						
Rest	ricted Reports					
Is th	is report restricted	d?	Yes	No.	X	
	If Yes, when will the report become unrestricted?  After Committee Decision  After Council Decision  Some time in the future  Never					
Call-	in					
Is th	e decision eligible	for Call-in?	Yes	No.	×	
1.0	Purpose of Repo	rt or Summary of main Issues				
1.1	1.1 Under the Scheme of Delegation, the Director of City & Neighbourhood Services Department is responsible for exercising all powers in relation to the issue and variation, but not refusal, of HMO Licences, excluding provisions relating to the issue of HMO Licences where adverse representations have been made. Those applications which were dealt with under the Scheme are listed below.					
2.0	Recommendation	าร				
2.1	decision of 4th M	he Committee are asked to recommend that, in ac ay 2021, the Chief Executive exercise her deleg	gated au			

#### 3.0 Main report

#### Key Issues

3.1 Under the terms of the Houses in Multiple Occupation Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 the following HMO Licences were issued during April 2021.

Premise Name	Licensee	Ward	HMO Policy Area or Development Node
Flat 2, 107			HMO 2/22 Botanic,
University Avenue	Mr Robert Carlisle Greer	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
95 Agincourt Avenue	Mrs Brenda Burke	CENTRAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic, Holylands, Rugby
84 Sandhurst Drive	Mr Declan Wright	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
Apartment 2, 12			
Elaine Street	Ms Colette McCaffrey	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
1 Colenso Parade	Dr Alasdair McDonnell	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
86 Sandhurst Drive	Mr Declan Wright	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
22 Camden Street	Mr Thomas Laverty	WINDSOR	HMO 2/10 Fitzwilliam
41 Rathdrum Street	Mr Neil Conlon	WINDSOR	HMO 2/01 Adelaide
17 Riverview Street	Mr Adrian Truesdale	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
Flat 2, 32 North			
Parade	Mr Barry McCaffrey	ORMEAU	HMO 2/18 South Parade
40.51 11 01 1		05115541	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
10 Palestine Street	Mr Barry McCaffrey	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
52 Palestine Street	Mrs Maura Carolan	CENTRAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Flat 3, 31 Lawrence	Mis Maura Carolan	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Street	L&E Properties Limited	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
Flat 2, 31 Lawrence	EGE 1 Toportion Elimited	CENTIONE	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Street	L&E Properties Limited	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
	<u> </u>		HMO 2/22 Botanic,
38 Palestine Street	Mrs Maura Carolan	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
44 Ava Street	Mrs Maura Carolan	ORMEAU	HMO 2/03 Ballynafeigh
38 Mount Prospect			
Park	Dr Elaine Jackson	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
Flat 1, 31 Lawrence	LOE Decreation Limited	OFNITDAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Street 30 Beechmount	L&E Properties Limited	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
Avenue	Mr Stephen McNulty	BEECHMOUNT	None
Avenue	Mr Theodore	BEEGINGOIN	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
11 Eblana Street	McLaughlin	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
30 Ridgeway Street	Mr Peter Gormley	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
31 Sandymount			
Street	Mr Marcus McGrath	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/17 Sandymount
8 Ashley Mews	Ms Claire Whiteside	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
13 Stranmillis			
Gardens	Ms Mairead Murdock	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
10 Ardenlee Place	Mr Patrick Burns	RAVENHILL	None
2 Ardenlee Way	Mr Brian Flanagan	RAVENHILL	None
Flat 5, 82 Rugby			HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Avenue	Mr Gareth McCullagh	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
12 Sandhurst Drive	Mrs Pauline Schiefer	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
			HMO 4/07 Falls Road /
84 Springfield Road	Mr Tony Donnelly	CLONARD	Springfield Road

Flat 2, 102 Cromwell			HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Road	Mr Conleth O'Hare	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
13 Stranmillis Park	Mr Leslie Curran	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
80a Stranmillis			
Road	Mrs Pauline Schiefer	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
123 Northbrook	Faba and Suabruth Ltd	MINDSOD	LIMO 2/15 Mandawhank
Street 144 Ulsterville	Esha and Sushruth Ltd	WINDSOR	HMO 2/15 Meadowbank
Avenue	Mr Peter O'Hare	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
116 Ashley Avenue	Mrs Edith McWilliams	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
Flat 2, 124 Fitzroy	ine Editi Merrimanie	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Avenue	Mr Roy McCoy	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
39 Ulsterville			
Gardens	Mr Jonathan Murphy	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
Flat 2, 1 Stranmillis			
Park	Ms Florence Campbell	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
25 St Albans Gardens	Mr David Irvine	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/17 Sandymount
10 Ulsterville Drive	Mr Patrick McComiskey	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Flat 3, 27 India Street	M&M King Partnership	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
Flat 3, 17 Cromwell	INGWINING FAITHERSHIP	CLIVITAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Road	M&M King Partnership	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
70 Agincourt	<u></u>		HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Avenue	Mr Micheal Lannon	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
6 Stranmillis Street	Mr Ciaran Rafferty	STRANMILLIS	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
	Mr George Cochrane		
12 Fane Street	Wylie	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
Apartment 3, 16	M. Diama il Diale	OFNEDAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
India Street Apartment 2, 16	Mr Diarmuid Phelan	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
India Street	Mr Diarmuid Phelan	CENTRAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic, Holylands, Rugby
Apartment 1, 16	IVII DIAITIIUIU I TIEIAIT	CLIVITAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
India Street	Mr Diarmuid Phelan	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
35 Camden Street	Mr James Johnston	WINDSOR	HMO 2/10 Fitzwilliam
32 Wellesley	Will Gallion Collinatori	WINDOON	THE Z, TO T REWINGHT
Avenue	Mr Gungadhur Busgeeth	WINDSOR	HMO 2/09 Eglantine
20 Belgravia			
Avenue	Mr Robert Dukelow	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
51 Dunluce Avenue	Mr Moreno Landi	WINDSOR	HMO 2/21 Ulsterville
18 Stranmillis Park	Mr Nicholas Smith	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
Flat 2, 108 Cromwell		0=1==	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Road	Mr Malachy Mullan	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
16 Stranmillis Gardens	Ms Margaret Murphy	CENTRAL	HMO 2/19 Stranmillis
Jaiuella	ivis iviaigaiet iviuipily	CLIVITYAL	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
28 Cairo Street	Mr Philip McCorry	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
22 Claremont Street	Hawksdale Limited	WINDSOR	HMO 2/10 Fitzwilliam
Apartment A, 64	The state of the s	112001	HMO 2/22 Botanic,
Fitzroy Avenue	Mr Christopher McCann	CENTRAL	Holylands, Rugby
59 Lisburn Avenue	Mr Brendan McKeefry	WINDSOR	HMO 2/01 Adelaide

# Financial & Resource Implications

3.2 | None

## **Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment**

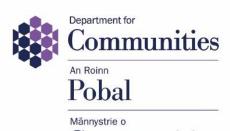
**3.3** There are no issues associated with this report.



# LICENSING COMMITTEE

Subje	ect:	of the Houses in Multiple Occupation Licens	sing	Sche	me	VICW
Date:		19 May 2021				
Repo	rting Officer:	Kevin Bloomfield, HMO Unit Manager, Ext. 591	0			
Conta	act Officer:	Kevin Bloomfield, HMO Unit Manager, Ext. 591	0			
		Nora Largey, Divisional Solicitor, Ext. 6049				
Is this	report restricted	d?	Yes		No	X
Is the decision eligible		e for Call-in?	Yes		No	Х
1.0	Purpose of Rep	port or Summary of main Issues				
1.1	The purpose of the report is to hear from the Department for Communities (DfC) on the progress of the review into the HMO licensing scheme.					on the
2.0	Recommendati	ons				
2.1	The Members of the Committee are asked to hear from the DfC officials in attendance on their review of the HMO licensing scheme and recommended that, in accordance with the Council decision of 4th May, the Chief Executive exercise her delegated authority to note the content of the report.					Council
3.0	Main report					
	Key Issues					
3.1	seek views in re	o Belfast City Council on 22 <sup>nd</sup> December 2020 to indicelation to the review of The Houses in Multiple Ochich is the enabling legislation for the HMO licensing	ccupa	ition A	ct (No	orthern
3.2		n 2021 the Licensing Committee agreed the Council's tionnaire issued by DfC in respect of their review of the council's and 3)				
3.3	of their review hi	further agreed an additional submission to the DfC to ighlighting legislative anomalies and omissions with selivery and administration of the HMO licensing sche	sugge	sted a	mend	lments

3.4	On the 21 April 2021 Committee Members were updated on the Department for Communities response to the Licensing Committee's request to attend a meeting to discuss the Houses in Multiple Occupation Act and the Review of the HMO Licensing Scheme (Appendix 5)				
	Financial and Resource Implications				
3.6	None. The cost of assessing the application and officer inspections are provided for within existing budgets.				
	Equality and Good Relations Implications				
3.7	There are no equality or good relations issues associated with this report.				
	Appendices – Documents Attached				
	Appendix 1 – DfC correspondence dated 22nd December 2020				
	<b>Appendix 2 –</b> Licensing Committee paper dated 10 March 2021 titled – "Department for Communities On-Line Questionnaire as part of the Review of Houses in Multiple Occupation Licensing Scheme" – Page 65 - 70				
	Appendix 3 – Proposed response to DfC Review of HMO Licensing Scheme dated 11th March 2021				
	Appendix 4 – List of suggested legislative amendments to the HMO Act (NI) 2016				
	<b>Appendix 5</b> – Response from DfC to invitation to attend Licensing Committee 21st April 2021				



### **Appendix 1**

www.communities-ni.gov.uk

Communities

Private Rented Branch Level 3 Causeway Exchange 1-7 Bedford Street Belfast BT2 7EG

22 December 2020

#### Dear All

As you are aware the Houses in Multiple Occupation Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 came into effect in April 2019. The purpose of bringing forward this new HMO licencing regime was to properly and effectively regulate HMOs to ensure the health, safety and well-being of the occupants and at the same time minimise any negative impacts on the neighbourhood and surrounding area. While aspects remain similar to the previous regime, there are notable differences such as additional enforcement powers for Councils and increased penalties for criminal offences.

We are now commencing a review of the implementation of the licencing scheme and would be grateful for any views you or your organisation may have. Please see the link to the survey below:

https://consultations.nidirect.gov.uk/dfc-analytical-services-unit/review-of-houses-of-multiple-occupation-hmo-licenc

Your response by 5 February 2021 would be much appreciated.

Yours sincerely,

Private Rented Branch









# ADDENDUM REPORT LICENSING COMMITTEE

Subje	ect:	Department for Communities On-Line Questionnaire as part of the Review of Houses in Multiple Occupation Licensing Scheme						
Date:		10 <sup>th</sup> March 2021						
Repo	rting Officer:	Vivienne Donnelly City Protection Manager						
Contact Officer:		Kevin Bloomfield, HMO Unit Manager						
Is this	s report restrict	ed?	Yes		No	X		
	•							
Is the	decision eligib	ole for Call-in?	Yes	X	No			
1.0	Purpose of Re	eport or Summary of main Issues						
1.1	Occupation ('Falmost two year Review which considered by adequately add to regulate the facilitate a revisextended by D	Int for Communities has commenced its review (HMO') Licensing Scheme as the scheme has are having come into effect on 1st April 2019. It is being conducted via an on-line Questimembers who expressed concerns that the profess the concerns and frustrations encountered existing HMO housing stock and impacts of sed response, officers requested a further extended the existing HMO housing stock and impacts of sed response, officers requested a further extended the existing HMO housing stock and impacts of the existing HMO housin	As beer A drafionnaire coposeced by the n local	n in o ft respo e was I respo e Cou comr of time	perationse onse onse o incil in munition (prev	to the viously did not trying es. To viously		
2.0	Recommenda	tions						
2.1	the Council's p	count the information presented, Committee is roposed response to the on-line questionnaire of the HMO licensing scheme.				_		
	considered as	also asked note and agree an additional s part of their review highlighting legislative anon endments to improve the delivery and adn me.	nalies a	nd om	nissior	ns with		

3.0	Main report
	Key Issues
3.1	DfC wrote to Belfast City Council on 22 <sup>nd</sup> December 2020 to indicate that it wished to seek views in relation to the review by means of an online questionnaire on the NI Direct website on the following link <a href="https://consultations.nidirect.gov.uk/dfc-analytical-services-unit/review-of-houses-of-multiple-occupation-hmo-licenc/">https://consultations.nidirect.gov.uk/dfc-analytical-services-unit/review-of-houses-of-multiple-occupation-hmo-licenc/</a> . ( Appendix 1)
3.2	A copy of the minutes and report in relation to February Licensing Committee is at Appendix 2.
3.3	The review questionnaire poses 9 questions and the proposed answers to the questions have been provided in Appendix 3 Online Questionnaire response.  The HMO Review is seeking views in the following areas;  1. Improvements to the management of the HMOs  2. Improvements to the overall standards of HMOs  3. Improvements to the current fitness standards expected in HMOs  4. Improvements to the safety standards associated with living in an HMO  5. The value for money associated with the HMO licensing scheme  6. The effectiveness and accessibility of the HMO Guidance  7. Effective and timely communication between councils and landlords and councils and Department  8. Views on the administration and delivery of the scheme  9. Identification of respondent.
3.4	Officers have considered the views and representations of the Licensing Committee regarding the concerns and frustrations encountered by the Council in trying to regulate the existing HMO housing stock and their impacts and effects on local communities. The following views are now reflected in the proposed response to the Review of HMOs;
3.5	The Council welcomes the opportunity to contribute to the review of the HMO Licensing Scheme being undertaken by the DfC. In seeking to provide answers to the questions posed in this questionnaire, taking account of the Council's lead role in administering and delivering the scheme on behalf of all councils in Northern Ireland, the Council believes that the review also gives DfC the opportunity to review housing policy and provision through a wider lens, as the HMO licensing scheme alone does not afford the Council the opportunity to shape the city and enhance local communities.
3.6	Belfast City Council notes the DfC assertion within the letter accompanying the questionnaire (in Appendix 1) that "the licensing regime sought to properly and effectively regulate Houses in Multiple Occupation to ensure the health, safety and wellbeing of occupants and at the same time to minimise any negative impacts upon the neighbourhood and surrounding area". The Council wishes to highlight that the new licensing regime has failed to achieve that aim, particularly in those areas where there is a high density of HMOs already in existence. The ongoing and live issues associated with the high density Houses in Multiple Occupation areas are well documented in terms of environmental impact and antisocial behaviour requiring significant additional resources by the Council to manage on an on-going basis.

Events such as Fresher's week, Saint Patrick's Day, end of term/tenancy clear outs provide additional pressure points and heightened impacts for residents in areas of HMO intensification as well wider resource implications for the Council and other statutory agencies such as the PSNI.

- 3.7 It was noted that the HMO Review questionnaire did not afford local residents the opportunity to adequately reflect their views within the structured questions posed. The Council believes it is necessary that DfC have cognisance of the views of occupants and residents when assessing and referring to improvements associated with the new licensing regime as a narrow focus will not give a full and representative view of the HMO Licensing scheme which as highlighted above aims to take account of the impact on residents and the wider community interests.
- It is considered that as presently drafted, the licensing scheme does not deliver on DfC's common purpose of 'Supporting People, Building Communities, Shaping Places' for the reasons set out in this report and requires fundamental review.
- One of the main concerns emerging in Belfast since the introduction of the new licensing regime has been the inability of deal with the cumulative impacts of a disproportionately high amount of HMOs in some areas due to unnecessary limitations placed upon the council by the Act. In particular the issue of over-provision of HMO properties resulting in high density clusters remains an area of concern as the new licensing regime does not address such areas already in existence. The ramifications of over provision manifests in many ways in these affected areas resulting in the ongoing problems of excessive waste generation and waste management challenges, additional street cleansing resources, fly-tipping, lack of environmental management and traffic congestion. Council has previously suggested that DfC should consider the introduction of special licensing areas, which are provided for in England pursuant to the Housing Act 2004. This would require all private rented properties to be licensed within a designated area and Council reiterates its support for such an approach to be provided for within the Act.
- 3.10 As the Department for Communities will be aware, there are a significant number of HMO properties which have not been assessed through the planning permission process (which assesses applications against The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs) Subject Plan for Belfast City Council Area 2015) but instead either do not have planning permission at all or have established immunity from prosecution because they have been illegally operating as a HMO for more than 5 years and can therefore avail of a Certificate of Lawful Use.
- 3.11 This means that owners can effectively evade the strict limits which are placed on HMO provision in certain areas and seems fundamentally unfair to the Council in circumstances where there are demonstrable problems associated with these high density clusters. It seems perverse that the Council must address its mind to a whole raft of matters which go to the fitness of an applicant but is explicitly directed to disregard the use of the premises as a HMO for a number of years without the benefit of planning permission, particularly where there may be a disproportionately high number of HMOs in an area.
- 3.12 It is the Council's position that the whole issue of planning permission insofar as it relates to the Act should be revisited. The legislation as drafted, i.e., by referring to 'a

breach of planning control has created uncertainty and it is submitted that the only reasonable basis upon which it can be determined that the operation of the premises would not be a breach of planning control is through the determination of a formal application for a Certificate of Lawful Use by Planning Service. Council would therefore recommend, at the very least, that this provision should be amended to state that the Council must be satisfied that the property has planning permission or a Certificate of Lawful Use at the time of applying regardless of whether it is a grant or renewal application.

- 3.13 Notwithstanding the Councils view in relation to the need for clarity around planning permissions for the processing of all HMO applications (both renewals and new), the Council notes with concern that the current system of granting a Certificate of Lawful Use for established HMOs circumvents the ability for the Council to assess the impact of a proposed HMO, including issues such as impact on the amenity of the area, parking issues and importantly whether the proposal breaches the thresholds placed on HMOs as part of the Subject Plan. The ability to apply for a Certificate of Lawful Use effectively prevents the ability to achieve the aim of sustainable development and balanced communities.
- 3.14 The Council accepts that the system of granting a Certificate of Lawful Use falls outside the scope of the DfC Review but wishes to highlight the issue due to the impact on Houses in Multiple Occupation intensity in certain areas in Belfast. However it is aware that DfI have issued a call for evidence for review of the Planning Act (NI) 2011 and the Council asks that DfC engages in that process to highlight the difficulties caused by immunity from enforcement in respect of HMOs and the incompatibility with this given the provisions of the HMO Subject Plan and the Council's Draft Local Development Plan which also seeks to designate Housing Management Areas in which planning permission will only be granted for HMOs and/or flats/apartments where the total number combined would not exceed 20% of all dwellings within that area (seePolicy HOU10- <a href="https://www.belfastcity.gov.uk/getmedia/473f71a1-e0d2-431a-971b-def39e550934/DPS001 DPS.pdf">https://www.belfastcity.gov.uk/getmedia/473f71a1-e0d2-431a-971b-def39e550934/DPS001 DPS.pdf</a>)
- 3.15 The challenges of addressing anti-social behavioural (ASB) activity in certain areas of high density properties are well rehearsed and widely known. It is accepted that the density of HMOs are not the only factor in the level of ASB but they undoubtedly contribute. It is also accepted that ASB does not occur in every HMO. However this has to be balanced against the ability of the Council to deal with ASB which is associated with areas where there is a high number of such properties, well in excess of the limits which were considered acceptable in the HMO Subject Plan.
- 3.16 Under the existing transitional arrangements from the Northern Ireland's Housing Executive's Registration Scheme to the new HMO licensing regime, it will take five years to bring all licenses under the new standard licensing conditions which includes a condition placing responsibilities on landlords to manage anti-social behaviours of their tenants. Whilst it is acknowledged that councils have the power to vary individual deemed licences, the process is cumbersome and resource intensive. The Council is requesting as part of this review that the Department for Communities consider amending the Houses in Multiple Occupation (Commencement and Transitional Provisions) Order (NI) 2019 to apply the standard conditions around ASB to all deemed licences. This would allow much more decisive action on the part of the Council and landlords alike.

- 3.17 In relation to environmental management associated with HMO properties, there has not been a noted improvement in how such properties are managed by their owners with the Council receiving on-going complaints about litter, graffiti, garden maintenance etc. resulting in the need to engage with owners. This highlights that the need to ensure that owners and agents discharge their responsibilities more effectively and will require an additional resource to continue to ensure compliance with the standard licensing conditions in this regard.
- 3.18 The costs associated with the delivery and administration of the HMO Licensing scheme are addressed as part of the review in question 5 and whilst it is acknowledged that the wider costs such as policing, waste management, enforcement and engagement fall outside the scope of the review, these costs are nonetheless significant in high density HMO areas. The Council would welcome further consideration by DfC to explore ways in which existing areas of high density HMOs can re-coup these costs.
- 3.19 In light of the concerns expressed by members in relation the HMO licensing regime, the Council have agreed that it would be beneficial for Department for Communities representatives and other relevant statutory bodies to attend a workshop to allow for further collaboration and engagement in relation to the review of the HMO Licensing scheme.
- 3.20 During the first two years of the implementation of the new HMO licensing scheme, officers have identified a range of legislative omissions and anomalies which would benefit from a review and revision, so that there is better clarity to assist the Council to regulate and administer the scheme more effectively. Officers have compiled a table detailing the relevant sections of the HMO Act 2016 that have been identified for consideration as part is the review. These are listed at Appendix 4.
- 3.21 In conclusion, the new HMO licensing scheme has not delivered the anticipated benefits for communities and neighbourhoods where there are existing high density clusters of HMOs which in turn adversely impact on neighbourhoods and their residents resulting in environmental deterioration and anti-social behavioural activity.
- 3.22 A wider programme of multi-agency commitment and intervention such as the recently designated Special Action Area under the Councils community planning for The Wider University and The Lower Ormeau area and ongoing work through the Belfast Agenda may provide the platform to bring about transformational change through neighbourhood re-generation and tailored solutions at a local level but that should be in conjunction with a fit for purpose Act regulating the HMO Sector incorporating the changes recommended in this report and the table of suggested legislative changes in Appendix 4 as an immediate priority through this review.

#### 3.23 Financial and Resource Implications

There are additional costs that have been borne by BCC in the administration, support and governance of the new regime that have impacted on budgets and resources. Therefore as part of this review Council is urgently calling for DfC to undertake a review of the financial and resource elements as highlighted in the response.

3.24	Equality and Good Relations Implications
	There are no equality or good relations issues associated with this report.
4.0	Appendices:
	Appendix 1– DfC correspondence dated 22 <sup>nd</sup> December 2020
	Appendix 2– A copy of the minutes and report in relation to February 2021 Licensing Committee
	Appendix 3 Proposed response to DfC Review of HMO Licensing Scheme dated 11 <sup>th</sup> March 2021
	Appendix 4 – List of suggested legislative amendments to the HMO Act (NI) 2016

# Appendix 3

11th March 2021

# Review of Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMO) Licencing Scheme Questionnaire

The HMO Act 2016 introduced a new licensing scheme operational from April 2019 which transferred responsibility for the HMO regulatory function from the Northern Ireland Housing Executive to Councils and linked the new HMO regime with other critical local government functions, such as planning, building control and environmental health. This questionnaire is part of the review of the transfer of responsibility and the change from a registration scheme to a licencing scheme.

Please give your responses to the questions below, and the reasons for your response.

1.	Has the HMO licencing scheme improved the management of Houses in
Μι	ltiple occupation?
0	significantly improved somewhat improved has not improved

Please give the reasons for your answer

The Council welcomes the opportunity to contribute to the review of the HMO Licensing Scheme being undertaken by the DfC. In seeking to provide answers to the questions posed in this questionnaire, taking account of the Council's lead role in administering and delivering the scheme on behalf of all councils in Northern Ireland, the Council believes that the review also gives DfC the opportunity to review housing policy and provision through a wider lens, as the HMO licensing scheme alone does not afford the Council the opportunity to shape the city and enhance local communities.

Belfast City Council notes the DfC assertion within the letter accompanying the questionnaire that "the licensing regime sought to properly and effectively regulate Houses in Multiple Occupation to ensure the health, safety and wellbeing of occupants and at the same time to minimise any negative impacts upon the neighbourhood and surrounding area". The Council wishes to highlight that the new licensing regime has

failed to achieve that aim, particularly in those areas where there is a high density of HMOs already in existence. The ongoing and live issues associated with the high density Houses in Multiple Occupation areas are well documented in terms of environmental impact and antisocial behaviour requiring significant additional resources by the Council to manage on an on-going basis. Events such as Fresher's week, Saint Patrick's Day, end of term/tenancy clear outs provide additional pressure points and heightened impacts for residents in areas of HMO intensification as well wider resource implications for the Council and other statutory agencies such as the PSNI.

It was noted that the HMO Review questionnaire did not afford local residents the opportunity to adequately reflect their views within the structured questions posed. The Council believes it is necessary that DfC have cognisance of the views of occupants and residents when assessing and referring to improvements associated with the new licensing regime as a narrow focus will not give a full and representative view of the HMO Licensing scheme which as highlighted above aims to take account of the impact on residents and the wider community interests.

It is considered that as presently drafted, the licensing scheme does not deliver on DfC's common purpose of 'Supporting People, Building Communities, Shaping Places' for the reasons set out in this report and requires fundamental review.

One of the main concerns emerging in Belfast since the introduction of the new licensing regime has been the inability of deal with the cumulative impacts of a disproportionately high amount of HMOs in some areas due to unnecessary limitations placed upon the council by the Act. In particular the issue of over-provision of HMO properties resulting in high density clusters remains an area of concern as the new licensing regime does not address such areas already in existence. The ramifications of over provision manifests in many ways in these affected areas resulting in the ongoing problems of excessive waste generation and waste management challenges, additional street cleansing resources, fly-tipping, lack of environmental management and traffic congestion. Council has previously suggested that DfC should consider the introduction of special licensing areas, which are provided for in England pursuant to the Housing Act 2004. This would require all private rented properties to be licensed within a designated area and Council reiterates its support for such an approach to be provided for within the Act.

As the Department for Communities will be aware, there are a significant number of HMO properties which have not been assessed through the planning permission process (which assesses applications against The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs) Subject Plan for Belfast City Council Area 2015) but instead either do not have planning permission at all or have established immunity from prosecution because they have been illegally operating as a HMO for more than 5 years and can therefore avail of a Certificate of Lawful Use.

This means that owners can effectively evade the strict limits which are placed on HMO provision in certain areas and seems fundamentally unfair to the Council in circumstances where there are demonstrable problems associated with these high density clusters. It seems perverse that the Council must address its mind to a whole

raft of matters which go to the fitness of an applicant but is explicitly directed to disregard the use of the premises as a HMO for a number of years without the benefit of planning permission, particularly where there may be a disproportionately high number of HMOs in an area.

It is the Council's position that the whole issue of planning permission insofar as it relates to the Act should be revisited. The legislation as drafted, i.e., by referring to 'a breach of planning control' has created uncertainty and it is submitted that the only reasonable basis upon which it can be determined that the operation of the premises would not be a breach of planning control is through the determination of a formal application for a Certificate of Lawful Use by Planning Service. Council would therefore recommend, at the very least, that this provision should be amended to state that the Council must be satisfied that the property has planning permission or a Certificate of Lawful Use at the time of applying regardless of whether it is a grant or renewal application.

Notwithstanding the Council's view in relation to the need for clarity around planning permissions for the processing of all HMO applications (both renewals and new), the Council notes with concern that the current system of granting a Certificate of Lawful Use for established HMOs circumvents the ability for the Council to assess the impact of a proposed HMO, including issues such as impact on the amenity of the area, parking issues and importantly whether the proposal breaches the thresholds placed on HMOs as part of the Subject Plan. The ability to apply for a Certificate of Lawful Use effectively prevents the ability to achieve the aim of sustainable development and balanced communities.

The Council accepts that the system of granting a Certificate of Lawful Use falls outside the scope of the DfC Review but wishes to highlight the issue due to the impact on Houses in Multiple Occupation intensity in certain areas in Belfast. However it is aware that Dfl have issued a call for evidence for review of the Planning Act (NI) 2011 and the Council asks that DfC engages in that process to highlight the difficulties caused by immunity from enforcement in respect of HMOs and the incompatibility with this given the provisions of the HMO Subject Plan and the Council's Draft Local Development Plan which also seeks to designate Housing Management Areas in which planning permission will only be granted for HMOs and/or flats/apartments where the total number combined would not exceed 20% of all dwellings within that area (seePolicy HOU10- <a href="https://www.belfastcity.gov.uk/getmedia/473f71a1-e0d2-431a-971b-def39e550934/DPS001\_DPS.pdf">https://www.belfastcity.gov.uk/getmedia/473f71a1-e0d2-431a-971b-def39e550934/DPS001\_DPS.pdf</a>)

The challenges of addressing anti-social behavioural (ASB) activity in certain areas of high density properties are well rehearsed and widely known. It is accepted that the density of HMOs are not the only factor in the level of ASB but they undoubtedly contribute. It is also accepted that ASB does not occur in every HMO. However this has to be balanced against the ability of the Council to deal with ASB which is associated with areas where there is a high number of such properties, well in excess of the limits which were considered acceptable in the HMO Subject Plan.

The addition of antisocial behaviour conditions under the HMO licensing scheme has resulted in proactive management of antisocial behaviour in HMO properties and the

NIHMO Unit has engaged with 241 landlords/managing agents in relation to antisocial issues within the curtilage of their properties following receipt of complaints concerning anti-social behaviour. In addition, the Council recently approved the requirement for all property owners to provide an "out of hours" contact number to be added as a standard licensing condition for all HMO properties in Belfast which will be an additional measure to help the Council and other statutory agencies when dealing with antisocial behaviour incidents.

Under the existing transitional arrangements from the Northern Ireland's Housing Executive's Registration Scheme to the new HMO licensing regime, it will take five years to bring all licenses under the new standard licensing conditions which includes a condition placing responsibilities on landlords to manage anti-social behaviours of their tenants. Whilst it is acknowledged that councils have the power to vary individual deemed licences, the process is cumbersome and resource intensive. The Council is requesting as part of this review that the Department for Communities consider amending the Houses in Multiple Occupation (Commencement and Transitional Provisions) Order (NI) 2019 to apply the standard conditions around ASB to all deemed licences. This would allow much more decisive action on the part of the Council and landlords alike.

In relation to environmental management associated with HMO properties, there has not been a noted improvement in how such properties are managed by their owners with the Council receiving on-going complaints about litter, graffiti, garden maintenance etc. resulting in the need to engage with owners. This highlights that the need to ensure that owners and agents discharge their responsibilities more effectively will require an additional resource to continue to ensure compliance with the standard licensing conditions in this regard.

In conclusion, the new HMO licensing scheme has not delivered the anticipated benefits for communities and neighbourhoods where there are existing high density clusters of HMOs which in turn adversely impact on neighbourhoods and their residents resulting in environmental deterioration and anti-social behavioural activity.

A wider programme of multi-agency commitment and intervention such as the recently designated Special Action Area under the Councils community planning for The Wider University and The Lower Ormeau area and ongoing work through the Belfast Agenda may provide the platform to bring about transformational change through neighbourhood re-generation and tailored solutions at a local level but that should be in conjunction with a fit for purpose Act regulating the HMO Sector incorporating the changes recommended in this questionaire and the table of suggested legislative changes in Appendix 4 as an immediate priority through this review.

In light of the concerns expressed in relation the HMO licensing regime, the Council have agreed that it would be beneficial for Department for Communities representatives and other relevant statutory bodies to attend a workshop to allow for further collaboration and engagement in relation to the review of the HMO Licensing scheme.

of accommodation?
significantly improved some what improved has not improved
Please give the reasons for your answer
The standards imposed by the Houses in Multiple Occupation (Living Accommodatio Standard) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2019 is to a large part a replication of the 1993 HMO Management Regulations and the standards adopted by the Northern Ireland Housing Executive under the former registration scheme. There has bee some improvement to the standards of HMO properties in terms of fire safety and bedroom sizes. Physical standards for all other room types eg living room/kitchen had not changed under this scheme. However the Council would welcome a review of the new DFC guidance in relation to room sizes to ensure compatibility with the wording and intention of the Regulations.
The most significant impact on standards to a small number of HMO properties is i relation to the energy performance and thermal comfort, whereby some owners of HMO properties have been required to upgrade heating systems, insulation and double glazing to meet the requirements of the scheme. In these cases, the overal thermal standards have improved for the tenants of these affected properties, thereb contributing to a reduction in fuel poverty.
The requirement to have a repair categorization system provides a level of reassurance and reasonable expectation to HMO tenants and results in a quicket turnaround time for repairs to be carried out.
3. Has the HMO licencing scheme improved the current fitness standards expected in HMOs?
significantly improved somewhat improved has not improved Please give the reasons for your answer
Please refer to the answer to question 2 in relation to overall standards as determined by the HMO standard licensing conditions. In addition, it is noted that the current fitness standard for the private rented sector including HMO properties is over fort years old and therefore the standard licensing conditions under the HMO licensing regime offer a higher standard of fitness than is afforded to other private rented sector properties. The current Fitness Standard (Housing (NI) Order 1992) is a pass or far model and dwellings are either fit or unfit. It does not give an indication of whether adwelling has just failed or if it is grossly unfit. It is no longer a comprehensive measure of the suitability of a dwelling for occupation. It fails to address the areas of thermal comfort and safety standards in line with modern day expectations. An example of this is that it only requires a fixed heat source in the main living-room and a socket in an

The current statutory fitness standard also does not take into account health and safety issues such as a risk of falls. HMO properties often provide a home to the most vulnerable people in society who would be at a higher risk from falls. Whilst there is

other living/bedroom in order to pass the heating element of the standard.

scope within the HMO legislation to deal with such hazards, these should be primarily addressed through the fitness standard.

The current fitness standard is in urgent need of review and should be replaced by a comprehensive fitness standard which assesses the suitability of the dwelling for the occupant such as the Housing Health and Safety Rating System used in England and Wales or a similar equivalent model.

4.Do you agree the HMO licencing scheme addresses the risk to safety associated with living in an HMO?  agree strongly agree disagree disagree strongly Please give the reasons for your answer
Belfast City Council agrees that the HMO licensing scheme addresses safety associated with a HMO, however there is an anomaly within the scheme in relation to fire safety in that Council officers cannot take enforcement action to address fire safety concerns identified during the assessment process. Such matters must be referred to the Northern Ireland Fires and Rescue Service (NIFRS). It would be more streamlined process if the Council were in a position to take enforcement action for noncompliance, however, this would require the Fire Services Order (Northern Ireland) Order 2006 to be reviewed.
The requirement for carbon monoxide monitors and the testing of chimney flues are welcome additional controls under the new licensing scheme which further enhances safety within HMO properties.
The Hazard Regulations introduced under the licensing regime provides an additional control mechanism in relation to a number of risks/hazards that weren't previously considered under the HMO management regulation under the registration scheme. This covers a range of hazards such as a risk of falling and is helpful when addressing safety concerns.  Belfast City Council also wishes to highlight concerns in relation to lack of fire safety legislative controls in the private rented sector in properties which do not fall within the definition of a HMO.  There is currently no legislation in place to address fire safety issues in 2 bedroom
flats. These types of properties are likely to house vulnerable adults and it is extremely concerning that the current statutory fitness standard does not address fire safety and no enforcement action can be taken in relation to these matters.
5. Do you agree the HMO licencing scheme provides value for money?  agree strongly agree disagree disagree strongly  Please give the reasons for your answer

During the transfer of the function for regulating Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOS) to Councils, it was agreed that the new licensing scheme would operate on a cost neutral basis, with no cost to the ratepayer.

In advance of the transfer of this function to Councils, a draft budget was prepared by the lead councils, reviewed by external consultants and approved by the HMO Regional Programme Board. The estimated expenditure included full staff costs, non-staff costs and overhead costs to include the costs of a solicitor to provide the additional legal support required to support the licensing regime. The estimated income included deferred income from the NIHE's Registration Scheme and future estimated income from licence fees post April 2019.

The current level of fee payable per occupant is set at £37 per person per year with the full fee payable on renewal and it was estimated that this rate would ensure full cost recovery based on the deferred and proposed income figures. It was considered that setting a maximum amount at £45 in the regulations gave councils scope to increase the fee if required to ensure full cost recovery without requiring an amendment to the subordinate regulations.

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic and a reduction in the number of HMO properties, particularly the smaller three bedroom properties as a result of the changes in the legislation including the new HMO definition along with the operating model and additional support provided by BCC has had a potential financial impact on the revenues estimated at the outset of this transfer. Belfast City Council will seek to engage with DfC on this matter to ensure the scheme continues to operate on a cost neutral basis. Therefore as part of this review BCC is calling for DfC to set up an urgent work stream on the resource and financial model potentially entailing increasing the fee threshold currently set at a maximum amount of £45 in the regulations to future proof the fee structure and reduce the burden on the rate payers as a consequence of the transfer of this function.

Whilst it is acknowledged that the wider costs such as policing, waste management, enforcement and engagement fall outside the scope of the review, these costs are nonetheless significant in high density HMO areas. The Council would welcome further consideration by DfC to explore ways in which existing areas of high density HMOs can re-coup these costs.

6. Do you agree the HMO licencing scheme guidance and assistance is easy to access and understand?

agree strongly agree disagree disagree strongly Please give the reasons for your answer

Belfast City Council would welcome the opportunity to work with DfC to review aspects of the DfC Guidance to Councils with the aim of obtaining some further clarity on a number of particular points, when administering the new HMO licensing scheme. An example which the Council would wish to highlight in particular is the guidance in

relation to room sizes which the Council believes may not reflect the legislative stance in some aspects.

The formatting and linkages to the relevant legislative sections would be a helpful addition in the Guidance.

The Council is currently reviewing the information and guidance on its website and will include "a frequently asked questions" section to assist owners of HMO properties with the application process.

The Council is also reviewing the online HMO application form to make it more intuitive for users based on feedback from a landlords forum.

/. I	To you agree the c	communic	ation betwee	en councils and landlords and
cou	incils and Departn	nent for C	ommunities	effective and timely?
0	agree strongly ©	agree O	disagree O	disagree strongly
Ple	ase give the reaso	ns for you	ır answer	

Belfast City Council has regular and on-going communication with agents, landlords and LANI since the transfer of the HMO Licensing function to Councils. Following feedback from LANI meeting in March 2020, the on-line HMO application form and the website is currently being re-designed to assist users through the application process. Additional means of communication with landlords such as the use of texting service is currently under development as a means of reminding landlords to submit renewal applications on time and before their licence expires.

The need for on-going communication is recognised and accept that the messaging between landlords and the Council can be improved.

Communication between Council/ lead cluster Councils and the Department of Communities is maintained on a regular basis through quarterly review meetings with ongoing contact maintained between council officers and DFC officers as and when issues arise.

8. Please provide your views on the administration and delivery of the scheme:

Belfast City Council is the lead Council for the delivery of the HMO Licensing scheme and delivers this service on behalf of all Councils operating a cluster model with two lead Councils Causeway Coast & Glen and Derry & Strabane District Council. Belfast City hosts 2953 licensed HMOs which represents 76% of the total number of HMOs in Northern Ireland, Cluster 2 has 561 licensed HMOs (14%) and cluster 3 has 388 licensed HMO (10%)

The transfer of the HMO Licensing function to Councils was a complex, logistical exercise, involving the transfer of staff from the Northern Ireland Housing Executive to Belfast City Council, the implementation of a new licensing scheme underpinned by a new legislative regime and the procurement

of a new IT system to manage the application process and the administration of the scheme. The combination of managing, interpreting and enforcing complex new legislation with additional administrative requirements and the use of a new IT system has brought many challenges for Council officers in delivering this service.

Interpreting new and complex legislation has resulted in a number of legal challenges, often requiring the Council to obtain legal advice to adjudicate and provide clarity on the intent and interpretation of the legislation. The Council has identified a number of areas in the legislation whereby amendments would be helpful to address omissions and anomalies that have come to light since the commencement of the HMO 2016 Act. Belfast City Council welcomes the opportunity to highlight areas within the HMO Act where an urgent review would be beneficial to assist Councils and to address areas of concern which would help improve the overall administration of the HMO licensing scheme and provide greater clarity to both Councils, owners of HMO properties and their managers.

A separate table outlining comments and suggestions in relation to the legislation will be forwarded to DfC as part of this submission.

The administration required to deliver the new licensing scheme as opposed to the NIHE's Registration Scheme has increased significantly by virtue of the need to engage with a range of statutory partners, different departments within the 10 Councils, in addition to new processes set out by the legislative requirements of the HMO Act 2016 when processing HMO applications. The increased burden associated with the administration of the scheme was not properly realised until after the transfer and commencement of the scheme. The additional administration combined with the processing of complex cases has highlighted that the three months' timescale to process a HMO applications is insufficient particularly for those cases which must be presented to the Councils' committees and must adhere to Committee schedules. In such cases where the Council cannot process the applications within the 3 months' timescale, the Council has to seek an extension of time to consider an application through the Magistrate's Court which significantly increases the costs incurred by the Council by creating additional administration and legal work in addition to generating work for the Court system. The costs incurred for each application to be extended via an application for an extension of time to the Magistrate's court are £130 per application plus officers' time with the Court Service also querying the number of applications received in this regard. It is the Council's view that this is the result of the overly onerous 3 month time period for determining applications. The Council would welcome an urgent review of the HMO Act 2016 in respect of timescales required to process HMO applications. If DfC are not prepared to remove this provision in its entirety, the Council would request that this time limit is extended to 6 months. This would be beneficial by not only reducing administration but would reduce costs and Court time.

Since the commencement of the new licensing scheme on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2019, it has become apparent taking into account the complexities of the legislation and the increased administrative burden, that the staff resources transferred from the NIHE has been insufficient and has placed an additional burden on the existing staff

resources. Consequently, Belfast City Council has been required to provide additional resources to oversee the management and administration of the scheme including additional staffing resources to assist with the on-going development and configuration of the IT system, the management of anti-social behaviour associated with HMOs, a new management post, additional administrative and financial post/s, on-going policy support and a dedicated technical officer from Digital Services to assist with the on-going development of the IT system.

Since April 2019, the following table highlights the work that has been undertaken by the NIHMO team

Activity 1st April 2019 up until 25 January 2021	Belfast	Cluster 1 – Causeway Coast & Glens lead	Cluster 2 – Derry & Strabane lead
Licences issued	1135	Causeway = 96 Lisburn & Castlereagh = 1 Mid & East Antrim = 1 Antrim & Newtownabbey = 12 Ards & North Down = 2  Total = 112	Derry & Strabane = 47 ABC = 11 Fermanagh & Omagh = 2 Mid Ulster = 3 Newry, Mourne & Down = 2
Inspections (Initial & management)	2034	235	204
FPN issued	23	1	0
Prosecutions	1 (2 pending)	0	0

A new element of the HMO Act 2016 is the introduction of new enforcement powers which includes a range of fixed penalties to address contraventions that were previously brought to Court, thereby saving both Council and Court time and money.

In the main, there are a range of enforcement notices available to the Council to address structural and safety issues, however, most property owners address these matters on advice and guidance from officers within the HMO Unit during the assessment and processing of HMO applications and negates the need to issue enforcement notices with the result that such notices have only been issued on an infrequent basis. Fixed penalty notices have been issued in respect of a number of offences since 1st April 2019 as indicated the above table.

At the time of the transfer of the HMO licensing scheme to Councils, a new IT system was procured to administer the system. It is acknowledged that the online application form and the back office administration has experienced teething problems and the Council is working with the IT systems provider to update elements of the system to provide a more user friendly and intuitive online application form. Such improvement will not only be beneficial to customers but also will greatly assist with the administration of the scheme by supporting officers with back office systems and thereby resulting in greater efficiencies. As outlined in question 6 above the website and online HMO form are to be updated.

Due to resourcing issues and the backlog created during to the initial lockdown due to the Covid-19 pandemic, the Council acknowledges that the development of a training programme for landlords and managing agent remains an outstanding issue which remains to be addressed.

In summary, the Council acknowledges that the new HMO licensing scheme has broadened the overall management responsibilities of the owners of such properties resulting in better standards for tenants, however, there has been a number of emerging issues arising from the transfer of the function from the NIHE to Councils and the implementation of new legislation namely:

- Belfast City Council has had an increased number of complaints/ legal challenges from landlords that are challenging decisions and interpretations of the legislation.
- Significant legal support is required on an on-going basis to deal with complex cases.
- The new licensing scheme does not address areas where there already high densities of HMOs in existence.
- There is a significant increase in administrative processes associated with the
  delivery of licensing scheme which in turn requires greater resources to
  administrator than the previous NIHE registration scheme. This factor was not
  evident in advance of the transfer of the function and NIHE resources to the
  Council.
- The re-development of the new IT system to manage the HMO licensing process, requires on-going resources to re-design, develop and configure to ensure that the system is fit for purpose.
- The new licensing process also requires Belfast City Council to work in partnership with a range of staff across all 11 Councils and in addition, a number of different agencies, which results in increased administration and can lead to delays in processing applications.
- The Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in a back log of cases and is more difficult to administer when staff are operating under a working from home business

- model. Technical officers are also working under controlled operating models to protect their health and safety which can also result in delays to inspections.
- The number of HMO properties has reduced due to a variety of reasons since the economic appraisal was undertaken prior to the transfer of this function from the NIHE to Councils and will require the fee of £37 per person per year to be kept under review to ensure that the delivery of scheme remains cost neutral to Councils.

In conclusion, there are additional costs that have been borne by Belfast City Council in the administration, support and governance of the new licensing regime that have impacted on budgets and resources. At the start of the transfer of this function, it would have been difficult to foresee these emerging issues and Belfast City Council would welcome recognition of these factors when considering the outcome of this review undertaken by DfC.

Belfast City Council would welcome a separate review to be commissioned by DfC as a priority work stream to examine the adequacy of the resource transfer from the NIHE and financial model to deal with the new licensing regime for Councils in NI to support the effective governance, over sight and the financial strategy that underpins the delivery model ensuring that it is a quality fit for purpose function that's meets stakeholder needs including the expectations of DfC.

9. `	What is your role regarding I	Houses of M	Iultiple Oc	cupation?
0	landlord/managing agent ©	council O	tenant O	other



# Appendix 4

# Review of the <u>Houses in Multiple Occupation Act (Northern Ireland) 2016</u>

Section	Description	Comments
Section 1	Meaning of "house in multiple occupation"	See comments in relation to schedule 1  Regulations should be laid pursuant to paragraph 9(c) to restrict the number of other persons who can share accommodation with the owner or any member of the
		owner's household without it being licensed. This will ensure that loopholes allowing the owners of properties to live in the house and negate the need for the house to be subject to HMO licensing.
Section 2	Definition of living accommodation	The Council would welcome the insertion of provisions in Section 2(4)(c) to deal with circumstances in which meals are provided (when no other kitchen facilities are available). Under the existing definition, the Council is concerned that a number of properties that would previously have been subject to the licensing regime may fall out of the definition resulting in no regulation for such properties were communal catering arrangements are provided e.g. for temporary shelters for homelessness or displaced persons.
		(4) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b)(ii), the "basic amenities" are—
		(a) a toilet,
		(b) personal washing facilities, and
		(c) facilities for the preparation or provision of cooked food.
Section 3	Cases where person is treated as occupying accommodation as only or main residence	The council does not believe that there is currently a need for regulations to be made pursuant to section 3(5).
Section 4	Persons who are members of	The council does not believe that there is currently a need for regulations to be made pursuant to section 4(1)(c).



Section 5	the same household Notice regarding evidence of household	This section applies if the council believes, "on reasonable grounds", the council recognises the need for reasonable grounds, however such a threshold is very hard to achieve when the co-operation of the owner / manager / occupants isn't forthcoming. The Council would welcome some discussion about how this can be improved with the Department, to include a general power of obstruction where a person intentionally obstructs an officer in the exercise of powers under the Act
Section 6	Notice regarding continuation of occupation	The council would request that the 4 month period referred to in Section 6(1)(b) & 6(4) is extended to 6 months, as large numbers of students leave in the first week of May and don't in some cases return to the beginning of October.

PART 2: Licensing of Houses in Multiple Occupation  Requirement for and issue of licences		
Section	Description	Comments
Section 7	Requirements of HMOs to be licensed	No comments
Section 8	Applications for HMO licence	As the Department will be aware, there are a significant number of HMO premises which have not been assessed through the planning permission process (which assesses applications against The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs) Subject Plan for Belfast City Council Area 2015 and do not have the benefit of a Certificate of Lawful Use. This provision has created uncertainty and it is respectfully submitted that the only reasonable basis upon which it can be determined that the operation of the premises would not be a breach of planning control is through the determination of a formal application for a Certificate of Lawful Use by Planning Service.  Council would therefore recommend that this provision should be amended to state that the Council must be satisfied that the property has planning permission or a Certificate of Lawful Use. It is also recommended that this



		amended test must apply to both new and renewal
		applications.
		Section 8(2)(e) — states that when considering an application for a HMO licence, the property must be fit for habitation. It has been widely acknowledged that the current statutory fitness standard is out of date and should be replaced by a modern standard. The current Fitness Standard (Housing (NI) Order 1992) is a pass or fail model and dwellings are either fit or unfit. It does not give an indication of whether a dwelling has just failed or if it is grossly unfit. With fitness levels currently at 1.6 % in the privately rented sector (NIHE, 2016) it doesn't provide useful data to inform Housing strategies or policy. It is no longer a comprehensive measure of the suitability of a dwelling for occupation. It fails to address the areas of thermal comfort and safety among others. An example of this is that it only requires a fixed heat source in the main living-room and a socket in any other living/bedroom in order to pass the Heating element of the standard.  The fitness standard should be replaced by an updated fitness standard or Housing Health and Safety Rating system in due course.  See comments in Schedule 2 regarding the procedural requirements relating to an application for an HMO licence.
Section 9	Breach of planning control	See comments re Section 8
Section 10	Fit & proper persons	No comments
Section 11	Satisfactory management arrangements	No comments
Section 12	Overprovision	Under this section, the Council is under a mandatory obligation to have regard to the issue of overprovision when assessing "new" applications. Moreover it must be satisfied that the grant of the licence will not result in overprovision of HMO accommodation in the locality.  The wording of this particular provision should be reviewed by DFC to provide greater clarity for those seeking to purchase existing licensed HMO properties.
		This would also impact on Section 29(5)(b).
Section 13	Suitability of living accommodation	No comments in relation to Section 13, however there is an error in the regulations made in exercise of the powers conferred by section 13(3) & 13(7)



	for multiple	Coo Degulation 7 of The Houses in Multiple Occuration
	for multiple occupation	See Regulation 7 of The Houses in Multiple Occupation (Living Accommodation Standard) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016.
<u>Licence conditions</u>		
Section	Description	Comments
Section 14	Licence	No comments
	conditions	
Temporary exemption from licensing requirements		
Section	Description	Comments
Section 15	Temporary exemption notice	The council should have the ability to charge for a temporary exemption notice – See Section 84.
		This is currently a free service and charging should be allowed under this provision to bring it into line with the other Notices under the scheme for which there is a charge to cover the administrative costs associated with issuing such notices.
		The decision should also be served on the managing agent (if any)
		The 3 month minimum period specified in Section 15(7)(a) should be increased to 6 months to take in account extended notice periods for tenants to vacate the accommodation as provided for under Coronavirus regulations and any future plans the department may have for increased tenant protection.
		There should be powers to compel the owner to provide contact details for the occupants of the accommodation in order that the council can comply more effectively with subsection 5.
Section 16	Extension of temporary exemption	The council should have the ability to charge for an extension to a temporary exemption notice.
	notice	The decision should also be served on the managing
Section 17	Safety and security requirements	agent (if any)  No comments
Section 18	Revocation of temporary exemption notice	No comments



Duration and	Duration and renewal		
Section	Description	Comments	
Section 19	Duration of HMO licence	In subsection 19.1 the date on which a renewal application has effect should be the date of expiry of the previous licence.	
		Currently licences are renewed on the date of issue resulting in HMO properties having licences extending beyond five years and having a potential impact on income to support the scheme. To ensure that licences are retained with the 5 year cycles, the date on which a renewal application has effect should be the date of expiry of the previous licence. There is no detriment to the owner whilst a HMO licence is being processed and determined as the HMO continues to be licensed under the existing licence arrangements	
Section 20	Renewal of licence	See comments re Section 8	
Section 21	Application to renew: effect on existing licence	See comments in relation to subsection 19(1)	
Variation and	I revocation		
Section	Description	Comments	
Section 22	Variation of licences	The process as specified in the legislation in Schedule 4 is overly complex in relation to applications to vary the licence by the owner or by someone named on the licence, when the council is in agreement with the proposal. The Council would welcome a more streamlined process under this provision to reduce administrative time and to enable the Council to provide a swifter response to applicants who wish to vary their licences for straightforward matters such as a change of managing agent who is previously known and assessed to be a fit and proper person.by the Council.	
Section 23	Revocation of licences	No comments	
Section 24	Variation and revocation: procedure	See comment in relation to section 22	
Other provision	Other provisions about licences		
Section	Description	Comments	



	1 =	
Section 25	Restriction on applications	No comments
Section 26	Joint licence holders	Section 26(5) should be treated as a variation of the existing licence rather than a renewal
Section 27	Surrender of HMO licence	No comments
Section 28	Change of ownership: effect on licence	See comments in Section 12.
		The Department should also consider whether its guidance on this issue complies with the wording of this Section and whether for example the wording of Section 28(2) should be revised.
Section 29	Death of sole licence holder: effect on licence	The 3 months period referred to in section 29 (1)(b) should be extended to 6 months (as it frequently takes longer to 3 months to put in place personal representatives and for them to put arrangements in place to manage the estate).
PART 3: Enf	orcement of Licen	nsing Requirements
Offences	Ordernent or Licer	ising requirements
Section	Description	Commonts
Section Section 30	<b>Description</b> Unlicensed	Comments No comments
Section 30	Unlicensed HMO	No comments
	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding	
Section 30	Unlicensed HMO	No comments
Section 30	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed	No comments
Section 30	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence	No comments
Section 30 Section 31	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions	No comments  No comments
Section 30	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is	No comments
Section 30 Section 31	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim	No comments  No comments
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in	No comments  No comments  No comments
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32 Section 33	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence Reasonable	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments  It would be helpful if a more comprehensive list of
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32 Section 33	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32 Section 33 Section 34	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence Reasonable	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments  It would be helpful if a more comprehensive list of reasonable excuses was provided in guidance whilst still retaining the ability of councils to exercise its own discretion in all scenarios.
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32 Section 33 Section 34	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence Reasonable excuse	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments  It would be helpful if a more comprehensive list of reasonable excuses was provided in guidance whilst still retaining the ability of councils to exercise its own discretion in all scenarios.
Section 30  Section 31  Section 32  Section 33  Section 34  Rectification	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence Reasonable excuse  of breaches of cond  Description Power to require rectification of	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments  It would be helpful if a more comprehensive list of reasonable excuses was provided in guidance whilst still retaining the ability of councils to exercise its own discretion in all scenarios.
Section 30 Section 31 Section 32 Section 33 Section 34 Rectification Section	Unlicensed HMO Exceeding licensed occupancy or breach of licence conditions Untrue claim that HMO is licensed Agents not named in licence Reasonable excuse  of breaches of cond  Description Power to require	No comments  No comments  No comments  No comments  It would be helpful if a more comprehensive list of reasonable excuses was provided in guidance whilst still retaining the ability of councils to exercise its own discretion in all scenarios.  Comments  Comments



Section 36	Revocation of rectification	No comments
	notice	
Section 37	Failure to	No comments
	comply with	
	rectification	
	notice	
Orders of the	court: revocation a	and disqualifications
Section 38	Revocation	No comments
	orders and	
	disqualification	
0 " 00	orders	
Section 39	Revocations	No comments
	and	
	disqualifications: appeals	
Section 40	Discharge of	No comments
300311 10	disqualification	
	orders	
PART 4: Sta	ndards of Housing	
CHAPTER 1	: Overcrowding	
<u>Definitions</u>		
Section	Description	Comments
Section 41	Definition of	Comments No comments
Section 41	Definition of overcrowding	No comments
	Definition of overcrowding The room	
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard	No comments  No comments
Section 41	Definition of overcrowding The room	No comments
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space	No comments  No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance
Section 41 Section 42	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety
Section 41 Section 42 Section 43 Overcrowding	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.
Section 41 Section 42 Section 43 Overcrowding Section	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard  Output  Description	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.
Section 41 Section 42 Section 43 Overcrowding	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.
Section 41 Section 42 Section 43 Overcrowding Section	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard  Overcrowding  Description Overcrowding	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.
Section 41 Section 42 Section 43  Overcrowding Section Section 44	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard  The space standard  Description Overcrowding notices	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.  Comments  No comments
Section 41  Section 42  Section 43  Overcrowding  Section  Section 44  Section 45	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard  Description Overcrowding notices Contents of overcrowding notice	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.  Comments  No comments  No comments
Section 41 Section 42 Section 43  Overcrowding Section Section 44	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard  Description Overcrowding notices Contents of overcrowding notice Requirement as	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.  Comments  No comments
Section 41  Section 42  Section 43  Overcrowding  Section  Section 44  Section 45	Definition of overcrowding The room standard The space standard  Description Overcrowding notices Contents of overcrowding notice	No comments  Council anticipates that representations may be received to amend the legislation so that these standards do not apply to renewals. The Council considers that this is fundamentally an issue for councils to determine having regard to the legislation, guidance issued by DfC and all other material considerations recognising the importance of space standards for tenants from a health and safety and general wellbeing perspective.  Comments  No comments  No comments



Requirement not to permit new residents	No comments
Notice requiring further information	No comments
Information notice: supplementary provisions	No comments
Suitability for numb	pers in occupation
Description	Comments
Suitability notice	No comments
Contents of suitability notice	No comments
Occupancy requirements	No comments
Statement of remedial work	Section 53(3) the council recognises that fire safety measurers within the meaning of the Fire and Rescue Services (northern Ireland) Order 2006 cannot be included, this can cause operational delays in correcting issues of fire safety if the licensee is not cooperative.
<u>-lazards</u>	
Description	Comments
Definition of hazard	No comments
Hazard notice	No comments – please note the council has not served any Hazard notices to date
Contents of hazard notice:	No comments
prohibitions	
Contents of hazard notices: other matters	No comments
Contents of hazard notices:	No comments  No comments
Contents of hazard notices: other matters Works	
Contents of hazard notices: other matters Works requirements Approvals as to use of premises  -urther provisions	No comments  No comments  about notices under this part
Contents of hazard notices: other matters Works requirements Approvals as to use of premises  Further provisions  Description	No comments  No comments  about notices under this part  Comments
Contents of hazard notices: other matters Works requirements Approvals as to use of premises  -urther provisions	No comments  No comments  about notices under this part
1     1	to permit new residents Notice requiring further information Infor



# **PART 5: Supplementary**

# **HMO** register

Section	Description	Comments
Section 62 HMO register	•	Belfast City Council is of the view that the restrictions on public access to the Register should be removed. These restrictions are at odds with the licensing regime which at its heart requires better management of HMOs and a more proactive resolution of issues or anti-social behaviour. A publically accessible register would allow for resolution of issues at a community level at an early stage before they are escalated to councils.  These restrictions also seem at odds with the requirement to publically advertise notice of applications and the requirement for councils to properly assess the fitness of an applicant.
		Council notes that HMO Registers must be publically available in England and Wales by virtue of Section 231 of the Housing Act 2004 and also that the name of landlords is published within same (Section 11 of The Licensing and Management of Houses in Multiple Occupation and Other Houses (Miscellaneous Provisions) (England) Regulations 2006 and Section 11 of The Licensing and Management of Houses in Multiple Occupation and Other Houses (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Wales) Regulations 2006.

# Code of practice

Section	Description	Comments
Section 63	Code of practice	No comments

# Fixed penalty as alternative to prosecution

Section	Description	Comments
Section 64	Fixed penalty:	No comments
	service of notice	
Section 65	Fixed penalty:	No comments
	effect of notice	
Section 66	Fixed penalty:	No comments
	power to alter	
	amounts	

# <u>Appeals</u>

Section	Description	Comments
Section 67	Appeals	No comments
Section 68	Council's statement of reasons for decisions which	As a matter of practice the council includes the statement of reasons with any decision subject to Section 67



	may be	
	appealed	
Section 69	Powers of court	No comments
<u>Coolion co</u>	on appeal	The definition of
Information		
	T=	
Section	Description	Comments
Section 70	Powers to	No comments
	require information and	
	documents:	
	introductory	
Section 71	Power to obtain	No comments
<u>Occupii i i</u>	information from	The definition of
	persons	
	connected to	
	premises	
Section 72	Power to require	No comments
	persons	
	connected to	
	premises to	
	produce documents	
Section 73	Power to obtain	No comments
Section 73	information from	TWO COMMITTERIES
	other persons	
Section 74	Sharing of	No comments
	information	
	between	
	councils	
Section 75	Failure to	The level of fine should be increased from level 2 on the
	provide information or	standard scale
	provision of	
	false information	
Section 76	Unauthorised	No comments
	disclosure of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	information	
	obtained under	
	section 73 or 74	
Section 77	Court to inform	No comments
	council of	
	convictions	
Powers of er	<u>ntry</u>	
Section 78	Powers of entry:	No comments
	without warrant	
Section 79	Powers of entry:	No comments
	with warrant	
Section 80	Powers of entry:	No comments
	supplementary	
	provisions	



Other supple	mentary provisions	
Section 81	Applications by persons required to take action where consent withheld	No comments
Section 82	Obstruction etc	No comments
Section 83	Effect of moving from accommodation for works to be carried out	No comments
Section 84	Fees	A separate fee should be considered for Section 15
200		Temporary Exemption Notices
Section 85	Guidance	The guidance needs reviewed to consider issues around room sizes and valid applications
Section 86	Regulations and Order	No comments
Section 87	General notices	No comments
Section 88	Interpretation	No comments
Section 89	Consequential amendments and repeals	No comments
Section 90	Commencement	No comment
Section 91	Short title	No comments
Schedule 1	Buildings or parts of buildings which are not houses in multiple occupation	Paragraph 9 – Regulations should be laid pursuant to paragraph 9(c) to restrict the number of other persons who can share accommodation with the owner or any member of the owner's household without it being licensed.
Schedule 2	Applications for HMO licences: requirements and procedure	Paragraph 3 – Notice to statutory authorities  This paragraph should be amended to provide a statutory basis upon which other authorities can disclose information in relation to any information they hold in relation to the "fit and proper" person status of the proposed licensee or managing agent. This would assuage concerns on their part regarding potential breach of data protection legislation. Currently, the Council is required to notify the statutory authorities concerning all HMO applications, however there is no requirement for statutory agencies to provide any information they hold in respect of the owner or managing agent under the fit and proper definition.



### Paragraph 12 -

The current time limit for processing an application for a HMO licence is 3 months from that date that it is deemed a "valid" application. The current 3 months limit is overly difficult to achieve given a number factors to be considered for example allowing the owner sufficient time to undertake remedial works and accommodating the management of Committee agendas where representations are received. It is considered that the licensing regime is complicated and cumbersome. The time limit only creates more difficulties and has no practical benefit for councils and landlords alike. Given the requirements of the licensing scheme, particularly the fact that there is a requirement to assess the fitness of an applicant, it is not appropriate to have deemed licences in any event.

Furthermore, the Council is incurring significant expenditure in respect of applications made to the magistrates' court for an extension of time to consider a licence application, with the court service also querying the number of applications received in this regard. It is the Council's view that this is the result of the overly onerous 3 month time period for determining applications.

# If DfC are not prepared to remove this provision in its entirety, the Council would request that this time limit is extended to 6 months.

- For example Application received on day 1 with all documentations and fee, therefore a valid application
- Notice of application received on day 8, representations from day 9 to 37.
- Inspection to be scheduled, property assessed and if necessary works completed before the licence would be granted. (The council acknowledges that it can include work as a condition of licence, however it would be very reluctant to grant a new licence without all necessary works being completed). Also being mindful that the council could not include fire safety works as a condition of licence.
- If representations are received these needed to be considered and if they relate to the fitness of the applicant additional enquiries may need to be made.
- Proposed decision needs to be issued for a minimum of 14 days.
- Representations in relation to the proposed decision needs to be considered
- Notice of hearing needs to be issued minimum of 7 days before the hearing (bearing in mind council committees only sit monthly and the number of items



		already on the committee agenda needs to be considered.
		Paragraph 12 should clearly indicate that the time limit starts from the date the application is valid (this is currently only in guidance).  Paragraph 13 – A review of the need to serve a notice of determination on all statutory authorities should be undertaken.  This is administratively burdensome and the Council would suggest that It may be more appropriate to regularly update the statutory authorities with the HMO register.
Schedule 3	Further provision about notices that specify works	No comments
Sch 3: Part 1	Provision applying to all notices that specify works	No comments
Sch 3: Part 2	Failure to carry out works required by rectification notice or hazard notice	No comments
Schedule 4	Variation and revocation of HMO licences: procedure	Paragraph 1(2)(c) – Notice to statutory authorities, this paragraph should be reviewed to ensure that statutory authorities are obliged to reply with any information they hold in relation to the fit and proper person status of the proposed licensee or managing agent.  Paragraph 5 (1)(c) – This should be removed as it has no practical benefit. If another agency wishes to obtain information in relation to a HMO they can do so under the provisions relating to access to the Register or
Schedule 5	Part 4 notices: fur	through FOI legislation. ther provisions
Sch 5: Part 1	Service and date of effect of notices	There should be powers to compel the owner to provide contact details for the occupants of the accommodation in order that the council can comply more effectively with paragraph 1(2)
Sch 5: Part 2	Suspension of effect of notices	No comments
Sch 5: Part 3	Variation and revocation	No comments



Schedule 6	Definitions for	No comments
	the purpose of	
	section 73	
Schedule 7	Consequential	No comments
	amendments	
Schedule 8	Repeals	No comments



# Review of the <u>HMO (Living accommodation Standard) Regulations</u> (Northern Ireland) 2019

Regulation 7	Personal Washing Facilities	Firstly within Table 1 of <b>Regulation 7</b> it states that <b>1 bathroom or shower</b> is required for 5 occupants. However within the NIHE guidance it states that it should be 1-5.  Table 1
		Household
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		<b>1-</b> 5 occupants 1 bathroom or shower room
		6-10 occupants 2 bathrooms or shower rooms
		11-15 occupants 3 bathrooms or shower rooms
		Secondly paragraph 5, in Regulation 7, refers to paragraph 4. We believe that this should refer to paragraph 1.  (5) Where paragraph (4) does not apply and the bathroom or shower room is shared, each occupant shall have an accessible water closet compartment, separate from the bathroom or shower room, and containing a water closet and a wash hand basin in the following ratios as per Table 2:—
		Please also see NIHE guidance to compare the equivalent paragraph which is paragraph 7.4. Paragraph 7.4 refers to Paragraph 7.1.
		The consequences of these two anomalies is that the Regulation 7 can be interpreted as a single combined bathroom (Shower/bath, w.h.b. and toilet) and a W.C. ,which may not be communal, being adequate for 4no persons.



## **Carolyn Donnelly**

Subject:

FW: BCC Licensing Committee - HMO Act

@communities-ni.gov.uk> **Sent:** 31 March 2021 08:32

**To:** Carolyn Donnelly < <u>DonnellyCarolyn@BelfastCity.gov.uk</u>> **Cc:** < <u>@communities-ni.gov.uk</u>>; <u>@communities-ni.gov.uk</u>>

Subject: FW: BCC Licensing Committee - HMO Act

#### Carolyn

Thank you for your invitation for our director, to attend the Licensing Committee meeting on the 21<sup>st</sup> of April. As you are aware we are currently undertaking the review of the 2016 HMO Act and the input from stakeholders was very high with 227 responses being received by the 14<sup>th</sup> March. This includes the response from Belfast City Council.

We have now started work on the analysis of the responses received and with so many detailed inputs this will take some time. The meeting in April will therefore be a little early for us to have much in the way of feedback from the review and with that in mind can I suggest the meeting in May would be an opportunity to brief the Committee more fully?

Thanks.

From: Carolyn Donnelly [mailto:DonnellyCarolyn@BelfastCity.gov.uk]

Sent: 26 March 2021 11:09
To: <@communities-ni.gov.uk>

Subject: BCC Licensing Committee - HMO Act

#### **Houses in Multiple Occupation**

Dear,

I acknowledge receipt of correspondence received on 28th February 2021 in response to the Council's invitation of 11th February 2021 to the Minister for the Department for Communities to attend the Licensing Committee to discuss "its ongoing frustrations at the ineffectiveness of the current HMO Act 2016 and around the proposed upcoming review of the legislation". The Committee has noted that the Minister is unable to accept the invitation at this time, and has asked that officials facilitate a meeting.

The next scheduled meeting of the Licensing Committee is due to take place remotely, via Microsoft Teams on **Wednesday 21st April at 5pm** and I would be grateful if you could indicate if DfC officials can attend this meeting and provide a presentation to the Committee.

I look forward to your response.

Carolyn Donnelly Democratic Services Officer



## Legal and Civic Services Department Room 123B | City Hall | Belfast | BT1 5GS

Tel: 028 9032 0202 Ext:3494

recipient's systems or data.

The information contained in or attached to this message is intended only for the people to whom it is addressed. If you are not the intended recipient, any use, storage, disclosure or copying of this information is unauthorised and prohibited. This information may be confidential or subject to legal privilege. If you have received this email in error please notify the sender immediately by using the reply facility in your email software and then delete the email from your inbox. The contents of this message do not represent the expressed view of Belfast City Council unless that is clearly stated. Belfast City Council cannot accept liability in the event that the onward transmission, opening, or use of this message and/or any attachments adversely affects the